

Substance Misuse Data Dictionary

Introduction

What is the Supported Housing Dictionary?

In November 2008, Professor Sir Michael Marmot was asked by the then Secretary of State for Health to chair an independent review to propose the most effective evidence-based strategies for reducing health inequalities in England from 2010.

The review produced the report <u>'Fair Society, Healthy Lives'</u> which proposed a cradle-to-grave approach to reduce inequalities, commonly referred to as the Life Course Framework. This broke down people's lives into a number of different life phases.

It concluded that, to have a significant impact on health inequalities, action needs to be taken on six policy objectives. These policy objectives are listed below against their applicable life phase and focus area:

Policy Objective:	Life Phase:	Focus Area:
Give every child the best start in life.	Starting Well	Pre-Natal - Pre-School
Enable all children, young people and adults to maximise their capabilities and have control over their lives.	Developing Well	School
Create fair employment and good work for all.	Working Well	Training and Employment
Ensure a healthy standard of living for all.	Living Well	Family
Create and develop healthy and sustainable places and communities.	Living Well	Community
Strengthen the role and impact of ill health prevention.	Ageing Well	Retirement

This document is an additional dictionary created for specific work with people who are being supported with problems that relate to Substance Misuse.

What is this data dictionary?

The measures defined in this dictionary work with a preventative model of support. One of the most effective methods of measurement, when delivering preventative services, is that of risk and protective factors. The removal of risks and the addition of protective factors provides a statistical basis for evidence of impact.

The definitions in this dictionary result from the analysis of the relevant national outcome frameworks, programmes and clinical guidelines. These have then been combined to form a single document listing all of the measures relevant to the Living Well life stage.

For each measure there is a definition (taken from one or more of the source documents), an explanation of why the measure is recorded, a description of the data that is collected and the survey point(s) at which the data is recorded. There is also a separate table showing which framework or policy records the measure.

The dictionary is separated into three areas of risk: Personal Circumstances, Lifestyle and Behaviour, and finally, Status.

Personal Circumstances - related to the factor(s) that are relevant to the support people need. Personal circumstances are non-clinical factors that are likely to have an adverse effect on health. Many of these types of risk are unchangeable or may take a long time to resolve.

For example: Social isolation is a personal circumstance. Being socially isolated can cause stress and anxiety, increased risk of misusing alcohol or substances, and increased visits to the GP or Accident and Emergency.

Lifestyle and Behavioural factors - something that increases the likelihood of a poor long-term health outcome. These will form the basis of the support provided and are able to be reduced with the right support and services. The removal of this type of risk can be achieved in a shorter period.

For example: smoking is a lifestyle and behavioural factor that increases the risk of heart, lung and respiratory disease.

Status - the result of a lifestyle and behavioural factor. The removal or reduction of these risks is likely to be a long-term outcome.

For example: A person who has been diagnosed as pre-diabetic as a result of poor lifestyle and behavioural factor(s) now has 'pre-diabetic' as a status, however the focus of support will be on the removal and reduction of the lifestyle and behaviour issues.

The data dictionary is a shared reference document that describes what should be recorded. This is because it is important that everybody who collects the data has the same understanding of what is being collected.

The measures to be recorded are taken from the following frameworks:

Organisation:	Framework Title:
National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence	CG127: Hypertension PH35: Diabetes Type 2 PH25: Prevention of CVD CG43: Obesity PH24: Alcohol Use Disorders Prevention CG113: Anxiety disorder in adults QS23: Drug Disorders in Adults
Department of Health	Improving Outcomes and Supporting Transparency
Department of Health	CCG Improvement and Assessment Framework
Department of Work and Pensions	Social Justice Outcomes Framework
Department of Health	A framework for sexual health improvement in England
Department of Health	Adult Social Care Outcome Framework

Substance Misuse – Example Risk Map

Personal circumstances	Behaviour	Status
Current Score : C Score on assessment : C	Current Score : 4	Current Score : 2
Highest Score : C	Score on assessment : 4 Highest Score : 4	Score on assessment : 2 Highest Score : 2
Accommodation Housing - homeless Assign	Alcohol Assign	Employment Long-Term Unemployed Assign
Housing - nomeless Assign UNASSIGNED	Alconol Assign UNASSIGNED	UNASSIGNED Assign
The client has nowhere to live: someone is not	The client is drinking more than the recommended	Client has been unemployed for a consecutive period
homeless if they are in temporary accommodation	units of alcohol per week on average: 14 units for both	of six months or more and is not in receipt of Universal
Ususian tamanan	women and men, 4 units for pregnant women	Credit or Employment Support Allowance (ESA)
Housing - temporary Assign accommodation		Recently Unemployed Assign
UNASSIGNED	Employability	UNASSIGNED
The client is living in temporary accommodation, this	Not Engaged in a Work Focussed Assign Activity	Client has become unemployed within the previous six
includes hostel accommodation, sofa surfing, or short-	UNASSIGNED	months and is not in receipt of Universal Credit (UC) or
term arrangements outside the family	Client who is not currently engaged in a work focused	Employment Support Allowance (ESA)
Housing - unsuitable housing Assign	activity	
UNASSIGNED ASSIGN		General health
The client feels they are living in unsuitable	Exercise	Access to Testing Assign UNASSIGNED
accommodation, this might be because it is unsafe,	Physically inactive Assign	
unsanitary, overcrowded, in disrepair or at risk of	UNASSIGNED	Client has not been offered testing for hepatitis B, hepatitis C and HIV and referral to service if positive.
domestic abuse.	The client is doing less than 30 minutes of moderately	nepatitis o and the and reterral to service it positive.
	intense physical activity per week in bouts of 10 minutes or more	Health check
Disclosed domestic violence and Assign	minutes of more	High blood pressure Assign
Disclosed domestic violence and Assign abuse	Moderately physically active Assign	UNASSIGNED
UNASSIGNED	UNASSIGNED	The client has a blood pressure reading over 140/90
Client who self-reports that they are or have been	The client is doing more than 30 minutes but less than	Daired blood procesure
subject to domestic violence and abuse. Including	150 minutes of moderate intensity physical activity per week	Raised blood pressure Assign UNASSIGNED
physical, mental and emotional abuse.	Week	The client has a blood pressure reading of between
	Independence	120/80 and 140/90
Environment Outdoor spaces Resolve	Poor management of long term Assign	
ASSIGNED Delete	conditions	Mental health
The client reports that they have	UNASSIGNED	Diagnosed mental health condition Resolve
not taken a visit to the natural environment for health	The client feels unsupported or has had 2 or more	ASSIGNED Delete
or exercise over the previous seven days	unplanned admissions to hospital due to LTC	Client has a diagnosed mental
	Requires help with control over Assign	health condition
Family	daily life	Stress and Anxiety Assign
Caring responsibility Assign UNASSIGNED	UNASSIGNED	UNASSIGNED
	The client reports that they have some control over	The client reports excessive worry about a number of
Client is a carer who helps look after someone with a health condition	their daily lives but not enough	different events associated with heightened tension.
	Nutrition	These have been present for at least 6 months and have significant impact on their lives
Financial hardship	Dietary deficiencies Assign	nave eignmeant impact on their inves
Financial hardship Assign	UNASSIGNED	Low wellbeing Assign
UNASSIGNED	Not meeting the recommended guidelines for	UNASSIGNED
Client who self-discloses that they have unmanaged	nutionally balanced diet	The client has a low sense of wellbeing, as indicated by their result on either SWEMWBS, WEMWBS or the
debt, rent arrears, or low income		ONS Measuring National Well-being Programme
General health	Smoking	
Access to psychological Assign	Smoking Resolve ASSIGNED Relate	Sexual health
interventions	Delete	STI Assign
UNASSIGNED	The client smoked cigarettes in the last week, regardless of number per day	UNASSIGNED
Client has not been offered appropriate psychosocial		The client is identified as having a sexually transmitted
interventions.	Substance misuse	infection
	Substance misuse Resolve	Weight
Safeguarding Vulnorable adult	ASSIGNED Delete	Obese Assign
Vulnerable adult Assign UNASSIGNED	The client regularly uses intoxicants	UNASSIGNED
The client meets the criteria for a vulnerable adult	(excluding alcohol) to an extent where physical dependence or harm is a risk	The client has a BMI over 30, with the exception of
The chart meets the chema for a vulnerable adult	dependence of fight 15 a fisk	South Asian and Chinese clients where a BMI over
Social isolation		27.5 indicates obesity
Social isolation Assign		Overweight Assign
UNASSIGNED		UNASSIGNED
Client who is socially isolated or lonley		The client has a BMI of 25-30, with the exception of
		South Asian and Chinese clients where a BMI of 23-
		27.5 indicates overweight

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Personal Circumstances

Personal circumstances are measures of socio-economic factors that are present in a person's life. These can be quite profound factors that are have an impact on a person's ability to manage health lifestyle choices or even to make changes that can change clinical factors.

Measure:	Access to Psychological Interventions
Definition:	Client has not been offered appropriate psychosocial interventions.
Reason for Collecting:	Psychosocial interventions can improve the therapeutic relationship between the keyworker and a person with a drug use disorder or wider psycho-social need. This can help to improve motivation, participation in treatment, the likelihood of recovery and prevention of relapse.
Data Collected:	Number of clients who report that they have not been offered access to appropriate psychological interventions.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
NICE Guidance	<u>QS23, CG178</u>
CCG Improvement and Assessment Framework	Reference
No Health Without Mental Health	Reference

Measure:	Caring Responsibility
Definition:	A carer is someone who helps look after a relative who has a condition such as a disability, illness, mental health condition, or a drug or alcohol problem.
Reason for Collecting:	There is a clear relationship between poor health and providing care that increases with the duration and intensity of the caring role. Those providing high levels of care are twice as likely to have poor health compared with those without caring responsibilities. Lack of access to replacement or respite care poses a greater risk of ill health and low wellbeing for the carer.
Data Collected:	Number of clients with a caring responsibility.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
Adult Social Care Outcome Framework	<u>1D</u>
Public Health Outcome Framework	<u>1.18</u>
National Strategy For Carers	Reference
NHS Outcome Framework	<u>2.4</u>
CCG Improvement and Assessment Framework	Reference

Measure	Disclosed domestic violence and abuse
Definition	The cross-government definition of domestic violence and abuse is: any incident or pattern of incidents of controlling, coercive, threatening behaviour, violence or abuse between those aged 16 or over who are, or have been, intimate partners or family members regardless of gender or sexuality. The abuse can encompass, but is not limited to:
	 psychological physical sexual financial emotional Where this is historic then it will be recorded if that abuse still affects the client's life presently.
Reason for collecting	People experiencing domestic violence and abuse may experience additional physical and mental health needs as a result of abuse. In addition, people may have additional support needs during their training and early employment. Domestic violence and abuse are safeguarding issues where children are involved.
Data collected	Number of people who self-report that they are or have been subject to domestic violence and abuse.

Outcome Framework	Reference
NICE Guidance	PH50 CG110
Healthy Child Programme: Pregnancy and the First Five Years	<u> HCP – P17 HCP – P45</u>
Public Health Outcome Framework	<u>1.11</u>
Social Justice Outcome Framework	<u>KI-1</u>

Measure:	Environment - Outdoor Space
Definition:	Clients report that they have not spent reasonable time outdoors other than routine shopping trips or their own garden.
Reason for Collecting:	Inclusion of this indicator is recognition of the significance of accessible outdoor space as a wider determinant of public health. There is strong evidence to suggest that outdoor spaces have a beneficial impact on physical and mental well-being and cognitive function through both physical access and use.
Data Collected:	Number of clients who self-report a limited time spent outdoors.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
Public Health Outcome Framework	<u>1.16</u>

Measure	Financial Hardship
Definition	The client reports that their household are on a low income (60% of average wages before housing costs) Indicators are: 1. The family cannot afford a number of food and clothing items 2. They claim Job Seekers Allowance, Employment Support Allowance or Income Support 3. They have required fuel costs that are above average or, were they to spend that amount, it would leave them with a residual income below the fuel poverty line. 4. They have unmanaged debt; this includes rent arrears
Reason for collecting	Clients may be perceived to be in a 'benefits trap' where they are unable to earn enough to equal or exceed their current rate of benefit. Recent legislation has capped benefits resulting in increased need to obtain employment. Many clients may find the cost of training and work-focused activity difficult to manage.
Data collected	Number of clients who self-disclose that they have unmanaged debt, rent arrears or low income.

Outcome Framework	Reference
Public Health Outcomes Framework	<u>1.1, 1.17</u>
Social Justice Outcomes Framework	<u>KI-4</u>
Healthy Child Programme	<u> HCP – P17</u>

Measure:	Housing - Homeless
Definition:	 You may be legally homeless if: You've no legal right to live in accommodation anywhere in the world. You can't get into your home - eg. your landlord has locked you out. It's not reasonable to stay in your home - eg. risk of violence or abuse. You're forced to live apart from your family or people you normally live with because there's no suitable accommodation for you. You're living in very poor conditions - eg. overcrowding. If you're legally homeless, your council must provide you with help – this could range from giving advice to arranging accommodation. If you became homeless through no fault of your own If you're eligible for assistance If you're in priority need If you're in priority need
Reason for Collecting:	Being homeless is an indication of social risk. This has implications for financial status.
Data Collected:	Number of people who are homeless and not living in temporary accommodation provided by their local authority.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
Public Health Outcome Framework	<u>1.15i</u>
Social Justice Outcome Framework	<u>KI-1</u>

Measure:	Housing - Temporary Accommodation
Definition:	Temporary accommodation includes sofa-surfing, hostel accommodation and short-term arrangements as a non-dependent.
Reason for Collecting:	Living in temporary accommodation is an indication of social risk. It often leads to a period of financial crisis for someone as benefits will usually be delayed.
Data Collected:	Number of clients who are living in temporary accommodation as defined above.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
Public Health Outcome Framework	<u>1.15ii</u>
Healthy Child Programme: Pregnancy and the First Five Years	<u>HCP - P17</u>
Social Justice Outcome Framework	<u>KI -1</u>

Measure:	Housing - Unsuitable Accommodation
Definition:	Accommodation is self-declared unsuitable by the client.
Reason for Collecting:	Unsuitable accommodation might include housing repairs or overcrowding. Typically, this will have an adverse effect on the client and the wider family's physical and mental health.
Data Collected:	Does the client feel that they are living in unsuitable accommodation? This might be because it is unsafe, unsanitary, overcrowded or in disrepair.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
Public Health Outcome Framework	<u>1.15i</u>
Healthy Child Programme: Pregnancy and the First Five Year	<u>HCP – P17</u>
Social Justice Outcome Framework	<u>KI-1</u>

Measure:	Social Isolation - Loneliness
Definition:	An adult is considered to be socially isolated if they have no support from either a partner, family or a friend. The client reports that they do not have as much social contact as they would like.
Reason for Collecting:	Social isolation may be a trigger for mental ill-health problems, reduction in physical activity and the inability to access services. Social isolation is all considered an indicator for higher risk of suicide.
	Social isolation is all considered an indicator for higher risk of suicide.
Data Collected:	Number of adults who define themselves as socially isolated or lonely.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
Public Health Outcome Framework	1.18
Adult Social Care Outcome Framework	<u>1L</u>
Preventing Suicide in England	Reference
WHO - Preventing Suicide - A Global Imperative	Reference

Measure:	Vulnerable Adult	
Definition:	A "vulnerable adult" is aged 18 or over; receives or may care services because of a disability, age or illness; and be unable to take care of themselves or protect themse significant harm or exploitation.	d who is/or may
	"A person lacks capacity in relation to a matter if, at the is unable to make a decision for himself (in relation to the because of an impairment of, or disturbance in the function of a 'vulnerable adult' from the Me	ne matter) tioning of, the
Reason for Collecting:	The second respect to the second seco	
	In addition, vulnerable people are at greater risk of bein abuse and violence.	g victims of
Data Collected:	Number of clients who meet the criteria for being a vuln	erable adult.
Outcome Framework: Reference		Reference
Adult Social Care	Outcome Framework	<u>4B</u>

Behavioural Factors

These are issues that increase the likelihood of a poor long-term health outcome. These will form the basis of the support provided and are able to be reduced with the right support and services. The removal of this type of risk can be achieved in a shorter period.

Measure:	Alcohol Misuse		
Definition:	Clients who regularly exceed the advised maximum amount of alcohol. For both men and women: 2 - 3 units per day (guideline: <14 units per week)		
Reason for Collecting:	Alcohol consumption is a contributing factor to hospital admissions and deaths from a diverse range of conditions. Alcohol can be a contributory factor to falls in older people. As the metabolic rate slows down with ageing the effect of alcohol is greater.		
Data Collected:	The number of clients who regularly exceed the advised maximum amount of alcohol units per day.		

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
NICE Guidance	CG110, CG45, CG100, PH24, CG127
Public Health Outcome Framework	<u>2.1, 2.15</u>
Social Justice Outcome Framework	<u>KI5</u>
Healthy Child Programme: Pregnancy and the First Five Years	<u>HCP – P17</u> <u>HCP – P45</u>

Measure	Dietary Deficiency	
Definition	The proportion of the population not meeting the recommended '5-A-Day' is used as a proxy for the proportion consuming a balanced diet – this is one which is lower in saturated fat, trans fats, sugar, salt and calories and higher in fruit and vegetables. Activities to improve consumers' diets should span these nutrients and foods.	
Reason for collecting	Diet and nutrition is a fundamental contributor to public health. Diet makes an important contribution to health outcomes such as the prevalence of obesity, stroke and cardiovascular disease and some cancers.	
	Additionally, a good diet is important during pregnancy to provide the developing baby with essential nutrients.	
Data collected	Number of people self-reporting dietary deficiencies	

Outcome Framework	Reference:
NICE Guidance	<u>PH47</u>
Public Health Outcome Framework	<u>2.11</u>
Healthy Child Programme: Pregnancy and the First Five Years	<u>HCP – P22</u> <u>HCP – P18</u>

4	Measure	Not Engaged in a Work Focused Activity	
	Definition	Work focused activity can encompass a range of a obtain or retain a work position. They include, but Skills development and training Work trials Volunteering Work placement Employability and Personal Development personal because of Other Languages Non-accredited courses	are not restricted to:
Reason for collecting Clients who are not undertaking work focused activity are reducing the chances of obtaining or retaining employment Data collected Number of clients who are not currently engaged in a work focused activity are reducing the chances of obtaining or retaining employment		vity are reducing their	
		n a work focused activity	
	Outcome Frame	ework	Reference
	No Health Withou	ut Mental Health	Reference

Measure:	Physical Activity - Moderately Physically Active
Definition:	Adults (16+) doing less than 150 minutes, but more than 30 minutes, of at least moderate intensity physical activity per week in bouts of 10 minutes or more.
Reason for Collecting:	Increasing physical activity has the potential to improve physical and mental health, reduce the risk of developing a life limiting illness and improve life expectancy
Data Collected:	Number of adults doing less than 150 minutes, but more than 30 minutes, of at least moderate intensity physical activity per week in bouts of 10 minutes or more.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
NICE Guidance	<u>CG43</u>
Public Health Outcome Framework	2.13

Measure:	Physical Activity - Inactive
Definition:	Adults (16+) who do less than 30 "equivalent" minutes of moderate intensity physical activity per week in bouts of 10 minutes or more. All adults should aim to be active daily. Over a week, activity should add
	up to at least 150 minutes (2½ hours) of moderate intensity activity in bouts of 10 minutes or more – one way to approach this is to do 30 minutes on at least 5 days a week.
Reason for Collecting:	Increasing physical activity has the potential to improve physical and mental health, reduce the risk of developing a life limiting illness and improve life expectancy
Data Collected:	Number of adults (16+) who do less than 30 "equivalent" minutes of moderate intensity physical activity per week in bouts of 10 minutes or more.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
NICE Guidance	PH17 CG43
Public Health Outcome Framework	<u>2.13</u>
No Health Without Mental Health	Reference

Measure: Poor Management of Long-Term Condition(s)		Poor Management of Long-Term Condition(s)
	Definition:	Client with a Long-Term Condition (LTC) who reports that they: 1. Have had two or more unplanned admissions to hospital, relating to that LTC, in the past 12 months. 2. Feel unsupported with managing their LTC.
	Reason for Collecting:	LTCs have a significant impact on a person's ability to work and live a full life. People from lower socio-economic groups have increased risk of developing a LTC – better management can help to reduce health inequalities
	Data Collected:	Number of clients with a long-term condition who report that they have had two or more unplanned admissions to hospital in the past 12 months or feel unsupported to manage their condition

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
NICE Guidance	<u>NG22</u>
NHS Outcome Framework	1.08

Measure:	Requires Help with Control Over their Daily Life
Definition:	Adults who report that they have some control over their daily lives, but not enough, or those who report that have no control over their daily lives. Control includes: • Meal Preparation • Shopping • Transportation • Telephone Usage • Housekeeping • Laundry • Managing Money • Taking Medications
Reason for Collecting:	Not being able to complete these tasks alone presents challenges to maintaining 'functional independence'. People at the end of life will often lose the ability to complete some or all of these tasks alone.
Data Collected:	Number of clients who report that they have some control over their daily life but not enough, or those who report they have no control over their daily life.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
Adult Social Care Framework	<u>1B</u>

Measure:	Smoking
Definition:	Client who smokes, regardless of number of cigarettes. Also, clients that co-habit with smokers are at increased risk of smoking related disease.
Reason for Collecting:	Smoking is a major cause of preventable morbidity and premature death, accounting for 79,100 deaths in England in 2011 and some 18 per cent of all deaths of adults aged 35 and over.
Data Collected:	Number of clients who smoke, regardless of number per day.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
NICE Guidance	CG62, PH14, CG127
Public Health Outcome Framework	<u>2.3, 2.9, 2.14</u>
Healthy Child Programme: Pregnancy and the First Five Years	<u>HCP – P18</u> <u>HCP – P22</u>

Measure:	Substance Misuse
Definition:	Adults who regularly use recreational drugs, misuse over-the-counter medications, misuse prescription medications or misuse volatile substances (such as solvents or inhalants) to an extent whereby physical dependence or harm is a risk.
Reason for Collecting:	Individuals misusing substances pose significant risks in terms of overall health and well-being, reduced life expectancy, increased blood-borne virus transmission and reduced physical and psychological health. Substance misuse can also be risk factor in increased suicide risk.
Data Collected:	Number of adults who report that they misuse substances.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
NICE Guidance	<u>CG110</u> , <u>NG64</u>
Public Health Outcome Framework	<u>2.15</u>
Social Justice Outcome Framework	<u>KI-5</u>
Healthy Child Programme: Pregnancy and the First Five Years	<u>HCP – P17</u> <u>HCP – P45</u>
No Health Without Mental Health	<u>Reference</u>
Preventing Suicide in England	Reference

Status

Status measures are generally more intractable issues such as clinical diagnosis or issues relating to skills and employment. These issues are likely to be heavily dependent on the resolution of things relating to healthy behaviours and socio-economic factors.

Measure:	Access to Testing	
Definition:	Client has not been offered testing for hepatitis B, he and referral to service if positive.	patitis C and HIV
Reason for Collecting:		
Data Collected:	Number of clients who report they have not been offer to an appropriate service.	ered test or referral
Outcome Fram	ework:	Reference:
NICE Guidance		<u>QS23</u>

Measure	Long-Term Unemployed
Definition	The client has been unemployed for a consecutive period of six months or more and is not in receipt of Universal Credit or Employment Support Allowance (ESA).
	This includes clients who:
	 have been sanctioned, but would otherwise receive Universal Credit or JSA are not entitled to Universal Credit JSA
Reason for collecting	Being unemployed for a period of more than six months will make it harder for a client to find employment that it will for somebody who is recently unemployed
Data collected	Number of adults who have been unemployed for a consecutive period of six months or more and are not in receipt of Employment Support Allowance (ESA)

Measure	Diagnosed with a Mental Health Condition
Definition	People who have a diagnosed mental health condition
Reason for collecting	Diagnosed mental health conditions can pose a risk for physical health and well-being as well as being a potential safeguarding issue.
Data collected	Number of people with a diagnosed mental health condition

Outcome Framework	Reference
NICE Guidance	CG45 1.1.1.1
Healthy Child Programme: Pregnancy and the First Five Years	<u> HCP – P17</u>

Measure:	Low Reported Wellbeing
Definition:	 Scoring 40 or less on the Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Well-being Scale. Scoring 16 or less on the Short Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scale Low sense of Wellbeing. ONS Measuring National Well-being Programme.
Reason for Collecting:	Low sense of wellbeing is an indicator of social risk.
Data Collected:	 Number of adults scoring 40 or less on the Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Well-being Scale. Number of people scoring 16 or less on the Short Warwick- Edinburgh Mental Well-being Scale Number of adults scoring 4 measures on ONS programme. Self-reported stress.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
Public Health Outcome Framework	2.23 2.24
Healthy Child Programme: Pregnancy and the First Five Years	<u>HCP – P17</u>
No Health Without Mental Health	Reference

Measure:	Stress and Anxiety
Definition:	General Anxiety Disorder can cause a change in behaviour and the way people think and feel about things, resulting in symptoms such as: • Restlessness • A Sense of Dread • Feeling Constantly "On Edge" • Difficulty Concentrating • Irritability
Reason for Collecting:	Symptoms may cause withdrawal from social contact (seeing family and friends) to avoid feelings of worry and dread, and/or the inability to attend work. These actions can cause worry and increase a lack of self-esteem.
Data Collected:	Number of clients who report symptoms of general anxiety disorder.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
NICE Guidance	<u>CG45</u>
Healthy Child Programme: Pregnancy and the First Five Years	<u> HCP – P17</u>

Measure:	Screening - High Blood Pressure
Definition:	A blood pressure reading of over 140/90.
Reason for Collecting:	If you have high blood pressure, it puts extra strain on your heart and blood vessels. Over time, this extra strain increases your risk of a heart attack or stroke.
	High blood pressure can also cause heart and kidney disease and is closely linked to some forms of dementia.
Data Collected:	Number of clients who have been identified as having high blood pressure.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
NICE Guidance	CG127

	Measure:	Screening - Raised Blood Pressure
	Definition:	A blood pressure reading between 120/80 and 140/90.
	Reason for Collecting:	If you have high blood pressure, it puts extra strain on your heart and blood vessels. Over time, this extra strain increases your risk of a heart attack or stroke.
		High blood pressure can also cause heart and kidney disease and is closely linked to some forms of dementia.
	Data Collected:	Number of clients who have been identified as having raised blood pressure.

Outcome Framework:Reference:NICE GuidancePH25

Measure:	Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI)
Definition:	A bacterial or viral infection acquired through sexual activity.
Reason for Collecting:	STI management and control protects patients from re-infection and long-term consequences of an untreated infection and protects the wider community from onward transmissions.
Data Collected:	The number of people who have a bacterial or viral infection acquired through sexual activity

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
Public Health Outcome Framework	3.02.ii
A Framework for Sexual Health in England	FHSE – P28

Measure	Recently Unemployed
Definition	The client has become unemployed within the previous six months and is not in receipt of Universal Credit or Employment Support Allowance (ESA).
	This includes clients who:
	 have been sanctioned, but would otherwise receive Universal Credit or ESA are not entitled to Universal Credit or ESA
Reason for collecting	Being unemployed, even for a relatively short period of time, is a risk to becoming employed.
Data collected	Number of adults who have become unemployed within the previous six months and are not in receipt of Universal Credit or Employment Support Allowance (ESA)

Measure:	Weight - Overweight
Definition:	Adults with a BMI between 25 - 30, now adjusted for South Asian and Chinese Adults to a BMI between 23 - 27.5.
Reason for Collecting:	People who are overweight have an increased risk of becoming obese which is linked to Cardiovascular Disease, Type 2 Diabetes and some cancers.
Data Collected:	Number of adults with a BMI between 25 - 30, now adjusted for South Asian and Chinese Adults to a BMI between 23 - 27.5.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
Public Health Outcome Framework	2.12
NICE Guidance	<u>CG43</u>

	Measure:	Weight - Obese
	Definition:	Adults with a BMI over 30, now adjusted for South Asian and Chinese Adults to a BMI over 27.5.
	Reason for Collecting:	Obesity is a priority area for the Government. The Government's "Call to Action" on obesity (published October 2011) included national ambitions relating to excess weight in adults, which is recognised as a major determinant of premature mortality and avoidable ill health.
	Data Collected:	Number of adults with a BMI over 30, now adjusted for South Asian and Chinese Adults to a BMI over 27.5.

Outcome Framework:	Reference:
Public Health Outcome Framework	2.12
NICE Guidance	<u>CG43</u>

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